LABEL, IN PART: "Schneider Bros. Inc. Fancy Egg Whites * * * Chicago, Illinois."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed eggs.

DISPOSITION: August 13, 1953. Schneider Bros., Inc., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree and the libel proceedings having been consolidated, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation and destruction of the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. 78 cans of the product were found unfit and were destroyed.

FISH AND SHELLFISH

20561. Adulteration and misbranding of canned mackerel. U. S. v. 19 Cases * * * (and 3 other seizure actions). (F. D. C. Nos. 35308 to 35311, incl. Sample Nos. 59743-L to 59746-L, incl.)

LIBELS FILED: June 11 and 12, 1953, Northern District of Georgia,

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 24, 1952, by French Sardine Co., Inc., from Terminal Island, Calif.

PRODUCT: 155 cases, each containing 48 15-ounce cans, of mackerel at Tallapoosa and Griffin, Ga.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Eatwell Brand California Mackerel."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), jack mackerel had been substituted in whole or in part for Pacific mackerel, which the article was represented to be.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Mackerel" and the vignette depicting Pacific mackerel were false and misleading as applied to the article, which was jack mackerel; and, Section 403 (i) (1), the label failed to bear the common or usual name of the article.

DISPOSITION: August 20, 1953. Star Kist Foods, Inc., Terminal Island, Calif., claimant, having consented to the entry of decrees, judgments of condemnation were entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for relabeling under the supervision of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

20562. Adulteration and misbranding of canned salmon. U. S. v. 26 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 35430. Sample No. 59534-L.)

LIBEL FILED: July 15, 1953, Middle District of Georgia.

Alleged Shipment: On or about March 13, 1953, by Hamlin-Halferty Seafoods, from Seattle, Wash.

PRODUCT: 26 cases, each containing 48 1-pound cans, of salmon at Quitman, Ga.

Label, IN Part: (Can) "Ocean Tang Brand Pink Salmon * * * Salt Added."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), chum salmon had been substituted in whole or in part for pink salmon, which the article was represented to be.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label designation "Pink Salmon" was false and misleading as applied to chum salmon.

DISPOSITION: August 21, 1953. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution for its use.

20563. Adulteration of oysters. U. S. v. 2 Barrels, etc. (F. D. C. No. 35481. Sample Nos. 57858-L, 57859-L.)

LIBEL FILED: September 15, 1953, Southern District of Indiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 8, 1953, by Seacoast Oyster Co., Inc., from Baltimore, Md.

PRODUCT: 2 barrels containing 304 1-pint cans and 1 barrel containing 64 ½-pint cans of oysters at Greensburg, Ind.

LABEL, IN PART: "Pride of Chesapeake Bay Oysters Lovely Lady."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), water had been substituted in part for oysters; and, Section 402 (b) (4), water had been added to the article and mixed and packed with it so as to increase its bulk or weight and reduce its quality.

DISPOSITION: September 24, 1953. Default decree of forfeiture. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution.

20564. Adulteration of canned shrimp. U. S. v. 498 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 35353. Sample No. 47632-L.)

LIBEL FILED: July 9, 1953, District of Massachusetts.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 2, 1953, by Humphreys Seafood Co., from New Orleans, La.

PRODUCT: 498 cases, each containing 24 cans, of shrimp at Boston, Mass.

Label, IN Part: (Can) "Delta-Main Brand Small Wet Pack Shrimp Drained Weight 5 Ozs."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed shrimp.

DISPOSITION: September 14, 1953. Larose Canning Co., Inc., Houma, La., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation and destruction of the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. As a result of the segregation operations, 221 cases, plus 17 cans, of the product were found unfit and were destroyed.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

CANNED FRUIT

20565. Adulteration of canned blueberries. U. S. v. 34 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 35426. Sample No. 19704-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about July 9, 1953, District of North Dakota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 7, 1950, and January 1, 1951, from North Sedgwick, Maine.

PRODUCT: 34 cases, each containing 24 14-ounce cans, of blueberries at Minot, N. Dak. Examination showed that the product had undergone chemical decomposition.